CLAIMS

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- 1. A process for producing oxygenated products from a Fischer-Tropsch derived olefinic feedstock, which process includes reacting the feedstock, in a hydroformylation reaction stage, with carbon monoxide and hydrogen at an elevated reaction temperature and at a superatmospheric reaction pressure in the presence of a hydroformylation catalyst system, which comprises a mixture, combination or complex of
- (i) a transition metal, T, where T is selected from the transition metals of Group VIII of the Periodic Table of Elements;
 - (ii) carbon monoxide, CO;
 - (iii) hydrogen, H₂;
 - (iv) as a primary ligand, a monodentate phosphorus ligand; and
 - (v) as a secondary ligand, a bidentate phosphorus ligand which confers resistance on the catalyst system to poisoning arising from the presence of undesired components in the Fischer-Tropsch derived feedstock.
 - 20 2. A process according to Claim 1, wherein T is Co, Ir, Pd or Rh.
 - 3. A process according to Claim 2, wherein T is Rh, with compound (i) being selected from $Rh(acac)(CO)_2$ where 'acac' is acetylacetonate; Rh(acac)(CO)(TPP) where 'acac' is acetylacetonate and 'TPP' is triphenylphosphine; $[Rh(OAc)_2]_2$ where 'OAc' is acetate; Rh_2O_3 ; $Rh_4(CO)_{12}$; $Rh_6(CO)_{16}$; $Rh(CO)_2$ (dipivaloyl methanoate); and $Rh(NO_3)_2$.
 - 4. A process according to Claim 2, wherein the hydroformylation reaction stage comprises a hydroformylation reactor, with the process including initially preparing the catalyst system by dissolving component (i), together with the ligands, in a solvent, to produce a catalyst solution, and heating the catalyst

solution in the reactor in the presence of synthesis gas comprising CO and H₂ to form an active hydroformylation catalyst system in which the rhodium concentration in the catalyst solution in the hydroformylation reactor is from 10 to 1000 ppm.

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- 5. A process according to Claim 3 or Claim 4, wherein the monodentate phosphorus ligand is used in a molar excess, relative to the rhodium, of from 50:1 to 1000:1.
- 10 6. A process according to any one of Claims 3 to 5 inclusive, wherein the bidentate phosphorus ligand is employed at a lower ligand to rhodium molar ratio than the monodentate phosphorus ligand, and wherein the bidentate phosphorus ligand to rhodium ratio is from 0.2:1 to 100:1.
- 15 7. A process according to any one of Claims 1 to 6 inclusive, wherein the monodentate phosphorus ligand is

$$P(R^{a})(R^{a})(R^{a}) \tag{L1a}$$

where all R^a are the same or are dissimilar, and are each a branched or straight chain alkyl or aryl radical.

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- 8. A process according to Claim 7 wherein, in the ligand of formula (L1a), each R^a is an aryl group and all R^a are the same.
- 9. A process according to Claim 8 wherein, in the ligand of formula (L1a), each R^a is phenyl so that ligand (L1a) is triphenylphosphine.
 - A process according to any one of Claims 1 to 6 inclusive, wherein the monodentate phosphorus ligand is

$$P(OR^a)(OR^a)(OR^a)$$
 (L1b)

where all R^a are the same or are dissimilar, and are each a branched or straight chain alkyl or aryl radical.

- A process according to Claim 10 wherein, in the ligand of formula (L1b), each R^a is an aryl group and all R^a are the same.
- 5 12. A process according to Claim 11 wherein, in the ligand of formula (L1b), each R^a is a substituted phenyl ring.
 - 13. A process according to Claim 12, wherein the ligand (L1b) is tris(2,4-ditertiary butylphenyl) phosphite or tris(2-tertiary butylphenyl) phosphite.
 - 14. A process according to any one of Claims 1 to 13 inclusive, wherein the bidentate phosphorus ligand is

wherein

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25 (i) all R^b are the same or are dissimilar, and are each H, alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy, polyether, cyano, nitro, halogen, trifluoromethyl, -C(O)R^c, -(R^d)C(O)R^c, -CHO, (R^d)CHO, -COOR^c, -(R^d)COOR^c, -COO⁻M⁺, -(R^d)COO⁻M⁺, -SO₃R^c, -(R^d)SO₃R^c, -SO₃-M⁺, -(R^d)SO₃-M⁺, -SR^c, -(R^d)SR^c, -SOR^c, -R^d(SOR^c), -NR^c, -(R^d)NR^c, -N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X⁻) or -(R^d)N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X⁻), wherein

- (a) R^c and R^d are the same or different, and are each H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical;
- (b) M⁺ is a cation; and
- 5 (c) X is an anion;
 - (ii) Y and Z are independent bridges, are the same or different, and are each selected from the radicals -O-, $-N(R^c)-$, $-N^+(R^c)(R^c)(X^-)-$, $-N(C(O)R^c)-$, $-C(R^c)(R^c)-$, $-C(C(R^c)(R^c))-$, -C(O)-, -S-, $-Si(R^c)(R^c)-$, $-Si(OR^c)(OR^c)-$, $-P(R^c)-$ or $-P(OR^c)-$, where R^c and X^- are as hereinbefore defined;
- 10 (iii) n (in $(Y)_n$ and $(Z)_n$) is, in each case, 0 or 1, with the proviso that n cannot be 0 for both Y and Z;
 - (iv) W¹, W², W³ and W⁴ are the same or different, and are each an alkyl (branched or straight chain), alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy or trifluoromethyl radical;
- 15 (v) a, b, in P^a and P^b, are used merely to identify the P atoms;
 - (vi) each G is an independent linker radical, are the same or different, and is selected from -O-, $-N(R^f)-$, $-N^+(R^f)(R^f)(X^-)-$, $-C(R^f)(R^f)-$, -S-, -S-,
 - (c) R^f is H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical, and with the proviso that when the radical contains more than one R^f, all R^f are the same or different;
 - (d) X is as defined above; and
 - (vii) n (in each $(G)_n$) is 0 or 1.

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15. Approcess according to any one of Claims 1 to 13 inclusive, wherein the bidentate phosphorus ligand is

$$R^{b}$$
 R^{b}
 R^{b

10 wherein

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- (i) all R^b are the same or are dissimilar, and are each H, alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy, polyether, cyano, nitro, halogen, trifluoromethyl, -C(O)R^c, -(R^d)C(O)R^c, -CHO, (R^d)CHO, -COOR^c, -(R^d)COOR^c, -COO⁻M⁺, -(R^d)COO⁻M⁺, -SO₃R^c, -(R^d)SO₃R^c, -SO₃M⁺, -(R^d)SO₃M⁺, -SR^c, -(R^d)SR^c, -SOR^c, -R^d(SOR^c), -NR^c, -(R^d)NR^c, -N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X⁻) or -(R^d)N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X⁻), wherein
 - (a) R^c and R^d are the same or different, and are each H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical;
 - (b) M⁺ is a cation; and
 - (c) X is an anion;
- (ii) Z is an independent bridge, and is selected from the radicals -O-, -N(R^c)-, -N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X⁻)-, -N(C(O)R^c)-, -C(R^c)(R^c)-, -C(C(R^c)(R^c))-, 25 C(O)-, -S-, -Si(R^c)(R^c)-, -Si(OR^c)(OR^c)-, -P(R^c)- or -P(OR^c)-, where R^c and X⁻ are as defined above;
 - (iii) $n (in (Z)_n) is 1;$
- (iv) W¹, W², W³ and W⁴ are the same or different, and are each an alkyl (branched or straight chain), alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy or trifluoromethyl radical;
 - (v) a, b, in P^a and P^b, are used merely to identify the P atoms;

- (vi) each G is an independent linker radical, are the same or different, and is selected from -O-, $-N(R^f)-$, $-N^+(R^f)(R^f)(X^-)-$, $-C(R^f)(R^f)-$, -S-, $-S^-$, $-S^$
 - (e) R^f is H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical, and with the proviso that when the radical contains more than one R^f, all R^f are the same or different;
 - (f) X is as defined above; and
- (vii) n (in each $(G)_n$) is 0 or 1.

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16. A process according to any one of Claims 1 to 13 inclusive, wherein the bidentate phosphorus ligand is

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(L2c)

wherein

(i) all R^b are the same or are dissimilar, and are each H, alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy, polyether, cyano, nitro, halogen, trifluoromethyl, -C(O)R^c, -(R^d)C(O)R^c, -CHO, (R^d)CHO, -COOR^c, -(R^d)COOR^c, -COO⁻M⁺, -(R^d)COO⁻M⁺, -SO₃R^c, -(R^d)SO₃R^c, -SO₃M⁺, -(R^d)SO₃M⁺, -SR^c, -(R^d)SR^c, -SOR^c, -R^d(SOR^c), -NR^c, -(R^d)NR^c, -N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X⁻) or -(R^d)N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X⁻), wherein

- (a) R^c and R^d are the same or different, and are each H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical;
- (b) M⁺ is a cation; and
- 5 (c) X is an anion;
 - (ii) Y is an independent bridge, and is selected from the radicals -O-, $-N(R^c)-$, $-N^+(R^c)(R^c)(X^-)-$, $-N(C(O)R^c)-$, $-C(R^c)(R^c)-$, $-C(C(R^c)(R^c)-$, $-C(C(R^c)(R^c)-$, $-C(C(R^c)(R^c)-$, where R^c and X^- are as hereinbefore defined;
- 10 (iii) $n (in (Y)_n) is 1;$

- (iv) W¹, W², W³ and W⁴ are the same or different, and are each an alkyl (branched or straight chain), alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy or trifluoromethyl radical;
- (v) a, b, in P^a and P^b, are used merely to identify the P atoms;
- 15 (vi) each G is an independent linker radical, are the same or different, and is selected from -O-, $-N(R^f)-$, $-N^+(R^f)(R^f)(X^-)-$, $-C(R^f)(R^f)-$, -S-, $-S^-$, $-S^-$,
 - (g) R^f is H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical, and with the proviso that when the radical contains more than one R^f, all R^f are the same or different;
 - (h) X is as defined above; and
 - (vii) n (in each $(G)_n$) is 0 or 1.
- 25 17. A process according to any one of Claims 14 to 16 inclusive wherein, in the ligand (L2a), (L2b) or (L2c), M⁺ is an ion of an alkali or alkali earth metal, or is ammonium or a quaternary ammonium ion.
- 18. A process according to any one of Claims 14 to 17 inclusive, wherein, in the ligand (L2a), (L2b) or (L2c), X⁻ is an organic acid, phosphate or sulphate group.

19. A process according to any one of Claims 14 to 18 inclusive wherein, in the ligand (L2a), (L2b) or (L2c), W¹, W², W³ and W⁴ are each an alkyl, aryl or aryloxy radical.

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20. A process according to Claim 19 wherein, in the ligand (L2a), (L2b) or (L2c), W^1 , W^2 , W^3 and W^4 are each an aryl or aryloxy radical in accordance with formula (1), with the proviso that the structure of formula (1) does not represent a bridging unit connecting P^a to P^b – for P^a , W^1 and W^2 represent radicals connected through their respective G linkers, and for P^b , W^3 and W^4 represent radicals connected through their respective G linkers

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$$R^e$$
 R^e
 $(G)_n$
 $(E)_n$
 $(D)_n$
 R^e
 R^e
 R^e
 R^e

(1)

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wherein

(i) all R^e are the same or are different, and are each H, alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy, polyether, cyano, nitro, halogen, trifluoromethyl, –C(O)R^c, –(R^d)C(O)R^c, – CHO, (R^d)CHO, –COOR^c, –(R^d)COOR^c, –COO⁻M⁺, –(R^d)COO⁻M⁺, –SO₃R^c, –(R^d)SO₃R^c, –SO₃-M⁺, –(R^d)SO₃-M⁺, –SR^c, –(R^d)SR^c, –SOR^c, –

 $-SO_{3}R^{c}, -(R^{d})SO_{3}R^{c}, -SO_{3}^{-}M^{+}, -(R^{d})SO_{3}^{-}M^{+}, -SR^{c}, -(R^{d})SR^{c}, -SOR^{c}, -R^{d}(SOR^{c}), -NR^{c}, -(R^{d})NR^{c}, -N^{+}(R^{c})(R^{c})(X^{-}) \quad \text{or} \quad -(R^{d})N^{+}(R^{c})(R^{c})(X^{-}),$

30 wherein

- (a) R^c and R^d are the same or different, and are each H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical;
- (b) M⁺ is a cation; and
- 5 (c) X is an anion;
 - (ii) each G is an independent linker radical, are the same or different, and is selected from -O-, $-N(R^f)-$, $-N^+(R^f)(R^f)(X^-)-$, $-C(R^f)(R^f)-$, -S-, $-Si(R^f)(R^f)-$, $-C(F_2)-$ or $-C(R^f)(F)-$, wherein
- (d) R^f is H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical, and with the proviso that when the radical contains more than one R^f, all R^f are the same or different;
 - (e) X is as defined above; and
 - (iii) n (in each $(G)_n$) is 0 or 1;
- 15 (iv) D and E are each an independent bridge, are the same or different, and are each selected from the radical, -O-, $-N(R^c)-$, $-N^+(R^c)(R^c)(X^-)$, $-N(C(O)R^c)-$, $-N(SiR_2^c)-$, $-C(R^c)(R^c)-$, $-C(C(R^c)(R^c))-$; -C(O)-, -S-, $-Si(R^c)(R^c)-$, $-Si(OR^c)(OR^c)-$, $-P(R^c)-$ or $-P(OR^c)-$, wherein R^c is H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical, and X^- is as defined above;
 - (v) n (in each of (D)n and (E)n) is 0 or 1.
- 21. A process according to Claim 20 wherein, in formula (1), n=0, in (E)_n, so that the independent E bridge is absent; formula (1) will then have the structure of formula (2)

22. A process according to Claim 20 wherein, in formula (1), n=0, in (D)n, so that the independent D bridging is absent; formula (1) will then have the structure of formula (3)

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23. A process according to Claim 20 wherein, in formula (1), n=0, in both (D)n and (E)n, so that both the independent bridges D and E are absent; 30 formula (1) will then have the structure of formula (4)

A process according to any one of Claims 1 to 13 inclusive, wherein the bidentate phosphorus ligand is

$$(W^{1})(W^{2})P^{a}-(G)_{n}-(A)-(G)_{n}-P^{b}(W^{3})(W^{4})$$
(L2d)

20 wherein

- (i) each G is an independent linker radical, are the same or different, and is selected from -O-, $-N(R^f)-$, $-N^+(R^f)(R^f)(X^-)-$, $-C(R^f)(R^f)-$, -S-, $-S^-$, $-S^-$
- (a) Rf is H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical, and with the proviso that when the radical contains more than one Rf, all Rf are the same or different;
 - (b) X⁻ is an anion; and
 - (ii) n (in each $(G)_n$) is 0 or 1;
- 30 (iii) a, b, in P^a and P^b, are used merely to identify the P atoms;

- (iv) W¹, W², W³ and W⁴ are the same or different, and are each an alkyl (branched or straight chain), alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy or trifluoromethyl radical; and
- (v) A is a bridging unit and is selected from one of the following diradicals: $(CR^b_2)_n$, – $(CR^b)_n$, – $(CR^bCR^b)_n$, – $(C(O)]_n$, – $(C(O)C(R^b)_2]_n$, – $(NR^b)_n$, $(SiR^b_2)_n$, – $(SiOR^b_2)_n$, with
 - (c) any alkyl radical having n = 1 to 5 and being cyclic, straight or branched or straight;
- (d) R^b being H, alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy, polyether, cyano, nitro, halogen, trifluoromethyl, C(O)R^c, –(R^d)C(O)R^c, –CHO, (R^d)CHO, –COOR^c, –(R^d)COO^cM⁺, –SO₃R^c, –(R^d)SO₃R^c, –SO₃M⁺, –(R^d)SO₃M⁺, –SR^c, –(R^d)SR^c, –SOR^c, –R^d(SOR^c), –NR^c, –(R^d)NR^c, –N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X⁻) or –(R^d)N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X^c), wherein
- (e) R^c and R^d are the same or different, and are each H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical;
 - (f) M⁺ is a cation; or
- (vi) A is a bridging unit and is '-Ar-', which is an aryl or hereroaryl group of between 4 and 18 carbon atoms.
- 25. A process according to any one of Claims 1 to 24 inclusive, wherein the reaction temperature is from 50°C to 150°C; the synthesis gas pressure under which the hydroformylation reaction is performed is from 1 to 100 bar; and the H₂:CO ratio is from 1:10 to 100:1.